SUPPLEMENT TO HIGHPOINTE PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2022 ANNUAL REPORT

Pursuant to the Service Plan for HighPointe Park Metropolitan District (the "District") and section 32-1-207(3)(c), C.R.S., the District supplements the 2022 Annual Report with the 2022 Audit, attached as **Exhibit C**.

EXHIBIT C 2022 Audit

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2022

with

Independent Auditor's Report

<u>CONTENTS</u>

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	Ι
Basic Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	3
Notes to Financial Statements	4
Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	21
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund	22
Other Information	
Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy, and Property Taxes Collected	23
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity	24



Schilling & Company, inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors HighPointe Park Metropolitan District Adams County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of HighPointe Park Metropolitan District (District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of HighPointe Park Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information listed in the table of contents does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

SCHILLING & Company, INC.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado July 21, 2023

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2022

										Statement	;
		~ 1		Debt		Capital				of	
		General	<u>-</u>	Service	<u>P</u>	rojects		<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Net Positio	n
ASSETS	¢	222.945	¢		¢		¢	222.945	¢	¢ 222.94	15
Cash and investments	\$	222,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$	222,845	\$ -	\$ 222,84	
Cash and investments - restricted		7,710		280,173		5,829		293,712	-	293,71	
Receivable - County Treasurer		1,615		3,335		-		4,950	-	4,95	
Property taxes receivable		248,319		523,102		-		771,421	-	771,42	
Prepaid expenses		11,833		700		-		12,533	-	12,53	
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-		-		-		-	1,089,734 569,814	1,089,73 569,81	
Total Assets	\$	492,322	\$	807,310	\$	5,829	\$	1,305,461	1,659,548	2,965,00)9
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	13,711	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,711	-	13,71	1
Payroll Taxes Payable		92		-		-		92	-	9	92
Accrued interest on bonds		-		-		-		-	40,245	40,24	15
Long-term liabilities:											
Due within one year		-		-		-		-	55,000	55,00	00
Due in more than one year		_		_				-	8,189,189	8,189,18	<u>89</u>
Total Liabilities		13,803						13,803	8,284,434	8,298,23	37
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred property taxes		248,319		523,102		-		771,421	-	771,42	21
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		248,319		523,102		-		771,421		771,42	
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION											
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:		11 022		700				10 500	(12,522)		
Prepaids		11,833		/00		-		12,533	(12,533)		-
Restricted:		7 710						7 710	(7.710)		
Emergencies		7,710		-		-		7,710	(7,710)		-
Debt service		-		283,508		-		283,508	(283,508)		-
Capital projects		-		-		5,829		5,829	(5,829)		-
Assigned:		210,657						210,657	(210,657)		
Subsequent year expenditures		210,037						210,037	(210,037)		-
Total Fund Balances		230,200		284,208		5,829		520,237	(520,237)		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	492,322	\$	807,310	\$	5,829	\$	1,305,461			
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital assets									1,399,363	1,399,36	53
Restricted for:									, ,		
Emergencies									7,710	7,71	
Debt service									243,263	243,26	
Capital projects Unrestricted									5,829	5,82	
									(7,760,814)	(7,760,81	<u>+)</u>
Total Net Position									<u>\$ (6,104,649)</u>	\$ (6,104,64	<u>19)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2	General		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES									
Accounting and audit	\$	12,835	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,835	\$ -	\$ 12,835
Election expense		2,566		-		-	2,566	-	2,566
Insurance		10,921		-		-	10,921	-	10,921
Legal		15,301		-		-	15,301	-	15,301
Director's fees and taxes		600		-		-	600	-	600
Lighting Repair		12,925		-		-	12,925	-	12,925
Landscape maintenance		54,451		-		-	54,451	-	54,451
Repair and replacement		10,484		-		-	10,484	-	10,484
Irrigation		27,622		-		-	27,622	-	27,622
Street Lighting		4,477		-		-	4,477	-	4,477
Professional services		3,169		-		-	3,169	-	3,169
Mapping services		2,400		-		-	2,400	-	2,400
Locates		1,728		-		-	1,728	-	1,728
Mulching		12,165		-		-	12,165	-	12,165
Payroll Taxes		46		-		-	46	-	46
Treasurer's fees		3,564		7,358		-	10,922	-	10,922
Miscellaneous		568		-		-	568	-	568
Bond interest expense		-		486,755		-	486,755	(318)	486,437
Bond principal		-		55,000		-	55,000	(55,000)	-
Developer interest expense		-		-		-	-	72,558	72,558
Trustee fees		-		1,360		-	1,360	-	1,360
Depreciation		-		<u> </u>		-	 	47,229	47,229
Total Expenditures		175,822		550,473			 726,295	64,469	790,764
GENERAL REVENUES									
Property taxes		238,513		492,455		-	730,968	-	730,968
Specific ownership taxes		19,894		41,076		-	60,970	-	60,970
Interest income		(1,403)		9,415		-	8,012	-	8,012
Total General Revenues		257,004		542,946			 799,950		799,950
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES		81,182		(7,527)		-	73,655	(64,469)	9,186
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in/(out)		(72,000)		72,000		-	-	-	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(72,000)	_	72,000	_		 -		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		9,182		64,473		-	73,655	(73,655)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								9,186	9,186
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:									
BEGINNING OF YEAR		221,018		219,735		5,829	446,582	(6,560,417)	(6,113,835)
END OF YEAR	\$	230,200	\$	284,208	\$	5,829	\$ 520,237	\$ (6,624,886)	\$ (6,104,649)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original & Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Property taxes	\$ 273,210 \$	238,513	\$ (34,697)
Specific ownership taxes	¢ 273,210 ¢ 31,107	19,894	(11,213)
Interest income	-	(1,403)	
Miscellaneous income	500	-	(500)
Total Revenues	304,817	257,004	(47,813)
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting and audit	17,500	12,835	4,665
Election expense	10,000	2,566	7,434
Insurance	12,750	10,921	1,829
Legal	35,000	15,301	19,699
Director's fees and taxes	600	600	-
Lighting Repair	7,500	12,925	(5,425)
Landscape maintenance	55,000	54,451	549
Repair and replacement	20,000	10,484	9,516
Irrigation	35,000	27,622	7,378
Street Lighting	5,000	4,477	523
Professional services	4,000	3,169	831
Mapping services	2,400	2,400	-
Locates	3,000	1,728	1,272
Treasurer's fees	4,228	3,564	664
Detention Pond Fencing	7,500	-	7,500
Mulch	15,000	12,165	2,835
Payroll Taxes	50	46	4
Miscellaneous	500	568	(68)
Emergency Reserve	7,051	-	7,051
Contingency	252,928	-	252,928
Total Expenditures	495,007	175,822	319,185
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	(100,100)	01 100	071 070
EXPENDITURES	(190,190)	81,182	271,372
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in/(out)	(9,145)	(72,000)	(62,855)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,145)	(72,000)	(62,855)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(199,335)	9,182	208,517
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	199,335	221,018	21,683
END OF YEAR	\$ - \$		\$ 230,200
	φ - φ	230,200	φ <i>230,</i> 200

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Highpointe Park Metropolitan District ("the District"), located in Adams County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District formed on November 17, 2006 and was organized as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established for the primary purpose of providing financing for the acquisition, construction, installation, and/or operation of street improvements, water, sanitation, safety protection, park and recreation, and transportation services to benefit the inhabitants and taxpayers of the District. Certain facilities and improvements constructed by the District may be conveyed to the City of Thornton (City) for perpetual ownership and maintenance.

The District's primary revenues are property taxes and advances. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2022, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$47,229.

Landscape structures	20 years
Storm drainage	30 years

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Capital Facilities Fees

The District has established a capital facilities fee for all commercial property within the District's boundaries at a current rate of \$3,100 per commercial unit. The amount of the Capital Facilities Fee shall be increased on an annual basis by an amount equal to 5% over and above the Capital Facilities Fee for the year immediately preceding, rounded to the nearest \$25.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund and Debt Service Fund represents prepaid expenses.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$7,710 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$5,829 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within the District.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$283,508 is restricted for the payment of debt service costs.

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all other funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows or resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

The District's unrestricted net position at December 31, 2022 totaled (\$7,761,514). This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for repayment of bonds and developer advances issued for public improvements conveyed to other governmental entities.

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u>

As of December 31, 2022, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 222,845
Cash and investments - Restricted	<u>293,712</u>
Total	\$ <u>516,557</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 12,703
Investments - COLOTRUST	503,854
	\$ 516,577

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"), requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$12,703

Investments

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"), is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. On December 31, 2022, the District had \$503,854 invested in COLOTRUST Plus+.

Note 3: Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Type Activities:	1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_			
Land and landscaping	\$ 1,089,734	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,089,734
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,089,734			1,089,734
Capital assets being depreciated:	_			
Landscape structures	726,533	-	-	726,533
Storm drainage	327,058			327,058
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,053,591			1,053,591
Accumulated Depreciation:	_			
Landscape structures	(387,489)	(36,327)	-	(423,816)
Storm drainage	(49,059)	(10,902)		(59,961)
Total accumulated depreciation	(436,548)	(47,229)	-	(483,777)
Net capital assets being depreciated	617,043	(47,229)		569,814
Government type assets, net	\$ 1,706,777	<u>\$ (47,229)</u>	\$ -	\$ 1,659,548

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Upon completion and acceptance, certain fixed assets will be conveyed by the District to other local governments. The District will only be responsible for maintenance on fixed assets not conveyed to other entities.

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014

The District issued \$1,375,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014, on October 17, 2014 to: 1) pay the costs of the acquisition, construction, and installation of capital improvements within the District; 2) fund capitalized interest and reserves; 3) pay issuance and other costs in connection with the bonds. The bonds carry a fixed 7.0% rate. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal is due on each December 1. The bonds maturing on December 1, 2031, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to the maturity date. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District in whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order determined by the District and by lot within a maturity, at any time on and after December 1, 2024 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, without premium, plus interest accrued thereon to the date of redemption.

The bonds are general obligations of the District, payable from general ad valorem taxes to be levied on and against all taxable property of the District without limitation as to rate, except as limited by the District's service plan, and in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds. The District also pledges to the payment of the bonds the portion of the specific ownership tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the debt service mill levy.

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016A and 2016B

The District issued \$1,075,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax), Series 2016A and \$500,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax), Series 2016B, on December 8, 2016 to: 1) pay the costs of the acquisition, construction, and installation of capital improvements within the District; 2) pay issuance and other costs in connection with the bonds. The Series 2016A bonds carry a fixed 6.375% rate and the Series 2016B bonds carry a fixed 7.875% rate. The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to the maturity date. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal is due on each December 1. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District in whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order determined by the District and by lot within a maturity, at any time on and after December 1, 2026 for the Series 2016A bonds and December 1, 2029 for the Series 2019B bonds at a redemption price equal 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, without premium, plus interest accrued thereon to the date of redemption.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The bonds are general obligations of the District, payable from general ad valorem taxes to be levied on and against all taxable property of the District at the Required Mill Levy, capped at 50 Mills, until the Debt to Assessed Ratio is 50% or less, except as limited by the District's service plan, and in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds. The District also pledges to the payment of the bonds the portion of the specific ownership tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the debt service mill levy.

General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2018

The District issued \$2,490,000 of General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax), Series 2018, on September 20, 2018 to: 1) pay the costs of the acquisition, construction, and installation of capital improvements within the District; 2) exchange the Series 2010 bonds; 3) pay issuance and other costs in connection with the bonds. The Series 2018 bonds carry a fixed 7.00% rate. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal is due on each December 1 beginning December 1, 2035. The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to the maturity date. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of District in whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order determined by the District and by lot within a maturity, at any time on and after December 1, 2030 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, without premium, plus interest accrued thereon to the date of redemption.

The bonds are general obligations of the District, payable from general ad valorem taxes to be levied on and against all taxable property of the District without limitation as to rate, except as limited by the District's service plan, and in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds up to a maximum mill levy of 50.000 mills when the debt to assessed ratio is 50% or less. The maximum mill levy may be adjusted as a result of subsequent changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation which have occurred since 2002. The District also pledges to the payment of the bonds the portion of the specific ownership tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the debt service mill levy.

As additional security for the Bonds, \$40,000 of bond proceeds were used to establish a reserve fund, for the purpose of paying, if necessary, the principal of, and interest on bonds. As part of the issuance of the 2018 bonds, the combined required reserve fund requirement was reduced to \$40,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2020

The District issued \$1,781,000 of General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2020 (Series 2020 Bonds"), on June 16, 2020 to: 1) pay or reimburse the costs of the public improvements; 2) pay issuance and other costs in connection with the Series 2020 Bonds. The Series 2020 bonds carry a fixed 6.75% rate. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal is due on each December 1 beginning December 1, 2030. The Series 2020 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of District in whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order determined by the District and by lot within a maturity, at any time on and after December 1, 2031, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium.

The bonds are general obligations of the District, payable from general ad valorem taxes to be levied on and against all taxable property of the District without limitation as to rate, except as limited by the District's service plan, and in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds up to a maximum mill levy of 50.000 mills when the debt to assessed ratio is 50% or less. The maximum mill levy may be adjusted as a result of subsequent changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation which have occurred since 2002. The District also pledges to the payment of the bonds the portion of the specific ownership tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the debt service mill levy. As additional security for the Bonds, \$178,100 of bond proceeds were used to establish a reserve fund, for the purpose of paying, if necessary, the principal of, and interest on bonds.

Events of Default

The occurrence or existence of any one or more of the following events shall be an Event of Default under each of the District's bonds:

- (a) Before the Unlimited Tax Receipt Date, the District fails or refuses to impose the Required Mill Levy or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the terms of this Bond Resolution;
- (b) On and after the Unlimited Tax Receipt Date, the District fails to pay the principal of, premium if any, or interest on the Bonds when due;
- (c) the District defaults in the performance of any other of its covenants in this Bond Resolution, and such default continues for sixty (60) days after written notice specifying such default and requiring the same to be remedied is given to the District by the Owners of twenty- five percent (25%) in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding; or
- (d) the District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws seeking to adjust the debt represented by the Bonds.

However due to the limited nature of the Pledged Revenue, prior to the Unlimited Tax Receipt Date, the failure to pay principal or interest on the Bonds when due shall not, of itself, constitute an Event of Default hereunder.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for all bonds of the District:

Year Ending					
December 31,	Principal		Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 55,000	\$	482,943	\$	537,943
2024	55,000		479,130		534,130
2025	65,000		475,318		540,318
2026	65,000		470,837		535,837
2027	70,000		466,356		536,356
2028-2032	577,000		2,243,200		2,820,200
2033-2037	1,025,000		1,982,445		3,007,445
2038-2042	1,603,000		1,552,636		3,155,636
2043-2047	2,324,000		895,228		3,219,228
2048-2052	1,152,000	-	119,110		1,271,110
	\$ 6,991,000	\$	9,167,201	\$	16,158,201

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2022:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2022	Portion
General Obligation Bonds					
GO Bonds - Series 2014	\$1,265,000	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 25,000
GO Bonds - Series 2016A	1,015,000	-	20,000	995,000	20,000
GO Bonds - Series 2016B	495,000	-	10,000	485,000	10,000
GO Bonds - Series 2018	2,490,000	-	-	2,490,000	-
GO Bonds - Series 2020	1,781,000	-	-	1,781,000	-
Other					
Developer advances					
Principal					
Capital	643,007	-	-	643,007	-
Operating	299,300	-	-	299,300	-
Accrued interest					
Capital	76,235	49,512	-	125,747	-
Operating	162,089	23,046		185,135	
Total	\$8,226,631	\$ 72,558	\$ 55,000	\$ 8,244,189	\$ 55,000

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2022, the District had remaining voted debt authorization but unissued in the following amount allocated for the following purposes:

	1	Total Authorized	emaining at ecember 31, 2022
Street improvements	\$	8,700,000	\$ 1,616,603
Park and recreation facilities		2,200,000	2,200,000
Water supply improvements		700,000	309,250
Sanitary sewer system		1,100,000	1,100,000
Operations		200,000	200,000
Debt refunding		12,700,000	 12,700,000
	\$	25,600,000	\$ 18,125,853

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$15,000,000 exclusive of debt refunding. Mill Levy requirements and restrictions are discussed earlier in this note in the section titled "General Obligation Bonds".

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area. As of the date of this report (as noted on the Independent Auditor's Report on page 1), the amount of timing of any debt issuance is not determinable.

Note 5: Other Agreements

Funding, Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement for Improvements

The District entered into a Funding, Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement for Improvements with Armstrong HighPointe, LLC. (Developer) on August 1, 2007. According to the terms of the agreement, the Developer will fund, construct, complete, operate, and maintain the Improvements and will transfer the Improvements to the District or City for public use as authorized in the Service Plan. The District shall pay the actual Reimbursement Costs of the completed Improvements from available proceeds of bonds, if and when issued, and from Supplemental Revenues at a cost not to exceed \$11,345,326. Interest accrues starting on the date of transfer of the improvements to the District at an annual rate equal to the net effective interest rate of 7.70%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The Developer transferred \$1,816,267 of public improvements to the District on May 4, 2012, of which they agreed to recognize \$1,463,817 as reimbursable under the provisions of this agreement. The additional amount of \$352,450 was recognized as a capital contribution in 2012. The Developer retains the right to recognize the \$352,450 as an advance under this agreement at a future date if it is determined that the District's revenues and financial position are sufficient to support repayment of the additional costs.

During 2016, the District repaid \$1,587,150 of which \$997,513 was principal and \$589,637 was accrued interest from the proceeds of the 2016 General Obligation Bonds and previously received capital facilities fees.

During 2018, the District repaid \$1,014,932 from the proceeds of the 2018 General Obligation Bonds, of which \$672,657 was principal and \$342,275 was interest.

During 2020, the District repaid \$1,469,330 from the proceeds of the Series 2020 Bonds, of which \$1,219,445 was principal and \$249,885 was interest.

The total balance due to the Developer, for capital and operating advances under this agreement, at December 31, 2022 is \$942,307 plus accrued interest of \$310,882.

Note 6: <u>Risk Management</u>

Except as provided by the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, Section 24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., as may be amended from time to time, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2022. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceed this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 7: <u>Related Party</u>

Some of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board.

Note 8: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2006, the District's electors authorized the District to increase taxes \$200,000 annually, or by a lesser annual amount as may be necessary, to pay the District's operations and maintenance and other expenses without limitation of rate. The electorate also authorized the District to increase taxes by \$750,000, or by a lesser annual amount as may be necessary, through the imposition of fees to pay the District's operations and maintenance and other expenses. Further the District's electors authorized the District to collect, retain, and spend all District revenues received in 2007 and each year thereafter, of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

On May 8, 2018, the District's electors authorized the District to increase taxes \$500,000 annually (for collection in calendar year 2019), and by the amounts, whether more of less than \$500,000 that are raised annually thereafter, by the imposition of an ad valorem property tax levy of 100 mills, as adjusted from time to time due to legislative and constitutional adjustments, or such lesser amount as necessary, to pay the District's administration, covenant enforcement, design review, operations, maintenance, and other similar expenses by the imposition of ad valorem property taxes levied in any year, without limitation as to rate or amount or any other condition, to pay such expenses and shall the proceeds of such taxes and any investment income thereon be collected, retained, and spent by the District in fiscal year 2019 and in each fiscal year thereafter as a voter-approved revenue change without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, the limits imposed on increases in property taxation by Section 29-1-301, C.R.S. in any year, or any other law which proports to limit the District's revenues or expenditures as it currently exists or as it may amended in the future, all without limited in any year, the amount of other revenues that may be collected, retained, and spent by the District.

Note 9: <u>Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund</u> <u>Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities;
- 2) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue; however in the the issuance is reported as an increase in long-term obligations on the Statement of Net Position and,
- 3) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original & Fina <u>Budget</u>	l <u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
	\$ 564,095	\$ 492,455	\$ (71,640)
Property taxes	56,410	\$ 492,433 41,076	, , ,
Specific ownership taxes Interest income	250	41,078 9,415	(15,334) 9,165
interest income	230	9,415	9,105
Total Revenues	620,755	542,946	(77,809)
EXPENDITURES			
Bond interest expense	486,754	486,755	(1)
Trustee fees	2,000	1,360	640
Bond principal	55,000	55,000	-
Treasurer's fees	8,730	7,358	1,372
Total Expenditures	552,484	550,473	2,011
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	68,271	(7,527)	(75,798)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in/(out)	_	72,000	72,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		72,000	72,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	68,271	64,473	(3,798)
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	218,894	219,735	841
END OF YEAR	\$ 287,165	\$ 284,208	\$ (2,957)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			Variance		
	Original & Final		Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>		
REVENUES					
Capital development fees	\$ 5,000	\$ -	<u>\$ (5,000)</u>		
Total Revenues	5,000		(5,000)		
EXPENDITURES					
Capital improvements	5,000		5,000		
Total Expenditures	5,000		5,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-		
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,829	5,829			
END OF YEAR	\$ 5,829	\$ 5,829	<u>\$</u>		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Year Ended <u>December 31,</u>	_	Prior Zear Assessed Valuation for Current Tear Property <u>Tax Levy</u>	<u>General Fund</u>	Mills Levied <u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	 Total Pro Levied	-	ty Tax Collected	Percent Collected <u>to Levied</u>
2014	\$	4,151,700	10.000	35.000	45.000	\$ 186,827	\$	183,411	98.17%
2015	\$	5,741,880	10.590	50.000	60.590	\$ 347,901	\$	347,901	100.00%
2016	\$	6,646,190	10.000	50.000	60.000	\$ 398,771	\$	393,506	98.68%
2017	\$	7,035,100	28.550	32.198	60.748	\$ 427,368	\$	425,714	99.61%
2018	\$	7,419,000	26.957	38.000	64.957	\$ 481,916	\$	473,162	98.18%
2019	\$	7,416,380	17.000	49.960	66.960	\$ 496,601	\$	501,783	101.04%
2020	\$	10,429,280	26.960	40.000	66.960	\$ 698,345	\$	641,863	91.91%
2021	\$	9,536,390	26.960	55.664	82.624	\$ 787,935	\$	765,551	97.16%
2022	\$	10,133,920	26.960	55.664	82.624	\$ 837,305	\$	730,968	87.30%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2023	\$	9,210,670	26.960	56.793	83.753	\$ 771,421			

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

HIGHPOINTE PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2022

\$1,375,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2014

7.0% Interest Rate

Principal Due December 1

Year Ending	Interest Due June 1 and December 1						
December 31,	Principal	Principal Interest					
2023	\$ 25,000	\$ 86,800	\$ 111,800				
2024	25,000	85,050	110,050				
2025	30,000	83,300	113,300				
2026	30,000	81,200	111,200				
2027	35,000	79,100	114,100				
2028	35,000	76,650	111,650				
2029	35,000	74,200	109,200				
2030	50,000	71,750	121,750				
2031	50,000	68,250	118,250				
2032	45,000	64,750	109,750				
2033	50,000	61,600	111,600				
2034	50,000	58,100	108,100				
2035	55,000	54,600	109,600				
2036	60,000	50,750	110,750				
2037	65,000	46,550	111,550				
2038	75,000	42,000	117,000				
2039	75,000	36,750	111,750				
2040	75,000	31,500	106,500				
2041	75,000	26,250	101,250				
2042	100,000	21,000	121,000				
2043	100,000	14,000	114,000				
2044	100,000	7,000	107,000				
	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 1,221,150	\$ 2,461,150				

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

	\$1,075,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2016A						\$500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2016B							
			Interest R						nterest Ra					
		-	ue Decem				Principal Due December 1 Interest Due June 1 and December 1							
Year Ending			ne 1 and D								Total			
December 31,	Principal		terest		[otal	-	rincipal							
2023	\$ 20,00		, -		\$ 83,431	9	\$ 10,000	\$	38,194	\$	48,194			
2024	20,00		62,156		82,156		10,000		37,406		47,406			
2025	25,00		60,881		85,881		10,000		36,619		46,619			
2026	25,00		59,288		84,288		10,000		35,831		45,831			
2027	25,00	00	57,694		82,694		10,000		35,044		45,044			
2028	30,00	00	56,100		86,100		10,000		34,256		44,256			
2029	30,00	00	54,188		84,188		15,000		33,469		48,469			
2030	30,00	00	52,275		82,275		15,000		32,288		47,288			
2031	35,00	00	50,362		85,362		15,000		31,106		46,106			
2032	35,00	00	48,131		83,131		15,000		29,925		44,925			
2033	35,00	00	45,900		80,900		15,000		28,744		43,744			
2034	40,00	00	43,689		83,689		20,000		27,561		47,561			
2035	40,00	00	41,119		81,119		20,000		25,988		45,988			
2036	45,00	00	38,569		83,569		20,000		24,413		44,413			
2037	50,00	00	35,700		85,700		25,000		22,837		47,837			
2038	50,00	00	32,512		82,512		25,000		20,869		45,869			
2039	55,00	00	29,325		84,325		25,000		18,900		43,900			
2040	55,00	00	25,819		80,819		30,000		16,931		46,931			
2041	60,00	00	22,312		82,312		30,000		14,569		44,569			
2042	65,00	00	18,488		83,488		35,000		12,206		47,206			
2043	70,00		14,344		84,344		35,000		9,450		44,450			
2044	75,00		9,861		84,861		40,000		6,694		46,694			
2045	80,00		5,100		85,100		45,000		3,544		48,544			
	\$ 995,00	0 \$	927,244	\$	1,922,244	\$	485,000	\$	576,844	\$ 1	,061,844			

December 31, 2022

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2022

Year Ending	and Impro 7.0 Princ	eneral Obligat vement Bonds 00% Interest I cipal Due Dece ue June 1 and	Rate mber 1	ies 2018 and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020 6.75% Interest Rate 1 Principal Due December 1				Totals				
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2023	\$-	\$ 174,300	\$ 174,300	\$ -	\$ 120,218	\$ 120,218	\$ 55,000	\$ 482,943	\$ 537,94			
2024	-	174,300	174,300	-	120,218	120,218	55,000	479,130	534,13			
2025	-	174,300	174,300	-	120,218	120,218	65,000	475,318	540,31			
2026	-	174,300	174,300	-	120,218	120,218	65,000	470,837	535,83			
2027	-	174,300	174,300	-	120,218	120,218	70,000	466,356	536,35			
2028	-	174,300	174,300	-	120,218	120,218	75,000	461,524	536,52			
2029	-	174,300	174,300	-	120,218	120,218	80,000	456,375	536,37			
2030	-	174,300	174,300	34,000	120,218	154,218	129,000	450,831	579,83			
2031	-	174,300	174,300	37,000	117,923	154,923	137,000	441,941	578,94			
2032	-	174,300	174,300	61,000	115,425	176,425	156,000	432,531	588,53			
2033	-	174,300	174,300	60,000	111,308	171,308	160,000	421,852	581,85			
2034	-	174,300	174,300	81,000	107,258	188,258	191,000	410,908	601,90			
2035	50,000	174,300	224,300	38,000	101,790	139,790	203,000	397,797	600,79			
2036	65,000	170,800	235,800	36,000	99,225	135,225	226,000	383,757	609,75			
2037	65,000	166,250	231,250	40,000	96,795	136,795	245,000		613,13			
2038	85,000	161,700	246,700	36,000	94,095	130,095	271,000	351,176	622,17			
2039	95,000	155,750	250,750	38,000	91,665	129,665	288,000	332,390	620,39			
2040	100,000	149,100	249,100	62,000	89,100	151,100	322,000	312,450	634,45			
2041	115,000	142,100	257,100	62,000	84,915	146,915	342,000	290,146	632,14			
2042	115,000	134,050	249,050	65,000	80,730	145,730	380,000	266,474	646,47			
2043	120,000	126,000	246,000	79,000	76,343	155,343	404,000	240,137	644,13			
2044	120,000	117,600	237,600	116,000	71,010	187,010	451,000	212,165	663,16			
2045	250,000	109,200	359,200	109,000	63,180	172,180	484,000	181,024	665,02			
2046	405,000	91,700	496,700	71,000	55,823	126,823	476,000	147,523	623,52			
2047	430,000	63,350	493,350	79,000	51,030	130,030	509,000	114,380	623,38			
2048	475,000	33,250	508,250	82,000	45,698	127,698	557,000	78,948	635,94			
2049	,	,		595,000	40,163	635,163	595,000	40,163	635,16			
	\$2,490,000	\$ 3,886,750	\$ 6,376,750	\$ 1,781,000	\$ 2,555,213	\$ 4,336,213	\$ 6,991,000	\$9,167,201	\$ 16,158,20			